

Package ‘RCzechia’

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Description Administrative regions and other spatial objects of the Czech Republic.

URL <https://github.com/jlacko/RCzechia>

BugReports <https://github.com/jlacko/RCzechia/issues>

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RCzechia-package

RCzechia: Spatial Objects of the Czech Republic

Description

A selection of spatial objects relevant to the Czech Republic. Due to CRAN package size requirements (5 MB) the objects are stored externally (on Amazon S3) - and therefore could not be implemented as datasets. They are functions returning data frames instead.

Details

To save time (and bandwidth) the downloaded objects are saved locally in ‘tempdir’ directory when requested, and downloaded at most once *per R session*; out of respect to CRAN Repository Policy a more permanent caching on user’s side is not attempted.

This means that:

- a working internet connection is required to use the full resolution objects
- all objects need to be called with (possibly empty) braces

For the most frequently used objects - **republika**, **kraje** and **okresy** - a low resolution version is also implemented. The low resolution data sets are stored locally (and working internet connection is not necessary to use them).

All objects are implemented as sf data frames.

Administrative regions

- republika - borders of the Czech Republic
- kraje - regions / NUTS3 units
- okresy - districts / LAU1 units
- orp_polygony - municipalities with extended powers (obce s rozšířenou působností)

- obce_polygony - municipalities as polygons
- obce_body - municipalities as centroids (points)
- casti - city districts (for cities that implement them)

Natural objects

- reky - rivers
- plochy - water bodies
- lesy - woodland areas (more than 30 ha in area)

Other objects

- silnice - roads
- zeleznice - railroads
- KFME_grid - grid cells (faunistické čtverce) according to Kartierung der Flora Mitteleuropas methodology

Utility functions

In addition three utility functions are implemented to support spatial workflow:

- union_sf - merging polygons based on a key value
- geocode - geocoding (from address to coordinates)
- revgeo - reverse geocoding (from coordinates to address)

casti

City Parts

Description

Function taking no parameters and returning data frame of districts of Prague and other major cities as sf polygons.

Usage

```
casti()
```

Format

sf data frame with 142 rows of 4 variables + geometry

KOD Code of the city part / kod mestske casti

NAZEV Name of the city part / nazev mestske casti

KOD_OBEC Code of the city

NAZ_OBEC Name of the city

Details

Due to package size constraints the data are stored externally (and a working internet connection is required to use the package). Downloaded size is 593.6 KB.

Source

<https://www.arcdata.cz/produkty/geograficka-data/arccr-500>

chr_uzemi	<i>Protected Natural Areas</i>
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Description

Function returning data frame of protected natural areas (Chráněná území) of the Czech Republic as sf polygons. It has no obligatory parameters.

Usage

```
chr_uzemi()
```

Format

sf data frame with 36 rows of 2 variables + geometry

TYP Type of protected area: Národní park, Chráněná krajinná oblast

NAZEV Name, with Czech accents

Details

Due to package size constraints the data are stored externally (and a working internet connection is required to use the package). Downloaded size is 114 KB.

Source

<https://www.arcdata.cz/produkty/geograficka-data/arccr-500>

geocode

Geocode a Czech Address

Description

This function connects to Czech State Administration of Land Surveying and Cadastre (<https://www.cuzk.cz/en>) API to geocode an address. As consequence it is implemented only for Czech addresses.

Usage

```
geocode(address, crs = 4326)
```

Arguments

address	point to be geocoded, as character (vector)
crs	coordinate reference system of output; default = WGS84

Format

sf data frame with 3 variables + geometry

target the address searched (address input)

typ type of record matched by API

address address as recorded by RÚIAN

geometry hidden column with spatial point data

Details

Input of the function are an address to geocode (or a vector of addresses) and expected Coordinate Reference System of output (default is WGS84 = EPSG:4326, but in some use cases inž. Křovák = EPSG:5514 may be more relevant).

Output is a sf data frame of spatial points.

Depending on the outcome of matching the address to RÚIAN data there is a number of possible outcomes:

- All items were **matched exactly**: the returned sf data frame has the same number of rows as there were elements in vector to be geocoded. The field *target* will have zero duplicates.
- Some items had **multiple matches**: the returned sf data frame has more rows than the there were elements in vector to be geocoded. In the field *target* will be duplicate values. Note that the RÚIAN API limits multiple matches to 10.
- Some (but not all) items had **no match** in RUIAN data: the returned sf data frame will have fewer rows than the vector sent. to be geocoded elements. Some values will be missing from field *target*.
- No items were matched at all: the function returns NA.

Note that character encoding is heavily platform dependent, and you may need to convert to UTF-8, e.g. by running `address <- iconv(address, from = "windows-1250", to = "UTF-8")` before calling the function.

Usage of the ČÚZK API is governed by ČÚZK Terms & Conditions - <https://geoportal.cuzk.cz/Dokumenty/Podminky.pdf>.

Examples

```
asdf <- geocode("Gogolova 212, Praha 1")
print(asdf)
```

KFME_grid

KFME grid cells (faunistické čtverce) of the Czech Republic

Description

Function returning grid covering the Czech Republic according to the Kartierung der Flora Mitteleuropas methodology.

Usage

```
KFME_grid(resolution = "low")
```

Arguments

resolution Should the function return high or low resolution shapefile? Allowed values are "low" and "high". Default is "low".

Format

sf data frame with 1092 rows in low resolution and 4368 rows in high resolution

ctverec KFME code of the grid cell; depending on value of 'resolution' parameter either 4 digits, or 4 digits + 1 letter

Details

The function returns a sf data frame of grid cells. Depending on the value of parameter 'resolution' either low resolution (26×42 cells - default) with labels in 4 digit format (e.g. Hřčava = 6479) or high resolution (104×168 cells) with labels in 4 digit + 1 letter format (e.g Hřčava = 6479c).

Examples

```
library(ggplot2)

ggplot() +
  geom_sf(data = republika("low")) +
  geom_sf(data = KFME_grid("low"), fill = NA)
```

kraje *Regions (kraje) of the Czech Republic*

Description

Function returning data frame of NUTS3 administrative units for the Czech Republic as sf polygons. It takes a single parameter resolution - high res (default) or low res polygons.

Usage

```
kraje(resolution = "high")
```

Arguments

resolution Should the function return high or low resolution shapefile? Allowed values are "high" (default) and "low". This parameter affects only the geometry column, all other fields remain the same.

Format

sf data frame with 14 rows of 3 variables + geometry

KOD_KRAJ Code of the region, primary key. Use this as key to add other data items.

KOD_CZNUTS3 Code of the region as NUTS3 (kraj).

NAZ_CZNUTS3 Name of the region as NUTS3 (kraj).

Details

Due to package size constraints the data are stored externally (and a working internet connection is required to use the package). Downloaded size of high resolution shapefile is <1 MB.

Source

<https://vdp.cuzk.cz/>

Examples

```
library(sf)

hranice <- kraje()
plot(hranice, col = "white", max.plot = 1)
```

lesy	<i>Woodland Areas</i>
------	-----------------------

Description

Function returning data frame of woodland areas (lesy) of more than 30 hectares in are of the Czech Republic as sf polygons. It has no obligatory parameters.

Usage

```
lesy()
```

Format

sf data frame with 2.366 rows of geometry variable only

Details

Due to package size constraints the data are stored externally (and a working internet connection is required to use the package). Downloaded size is 2.1 MB.

Source

<https://www.arcdata.cz/produkty/geograficka-data/arccr-500>

obce_body	<i>Municipalities / communes (obce) as centerpoints</i>
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Description

Function returning data frame of LAU2 administrative units for the Czech Republic as sf points. It takes no parameters.

Usage

```
obce_body()
```

Format

sf data frame with 6.258 rows of 14 variables + geometry

KOD_OBEC Code of the level I commune (obec).

NAZ_OBEC Name of the level I commune (obec).

KOD_ZUJ Code of the basic administrative unit (ICZUJ).

NAZ_ZUJ Name of the basic administrative unit (ICZUJ).

KOD_POU Code of the level II commune (obec s poverenym uradem).
NAZ_POU Name of the level II commune (obec s poverenym uradem)).
KOD_ORP Code of the level III commune (obec s rozsirenou pusobnosti).
NAZ_ORP Name of the level III commune (obec s rozsirenou pusobnosti).
KOD_OKRES Code of the district (okres).
KOD_LAU1 Code of the LAU1 administrative unit (okres).
NAZ_LAU1 Name of the LAU1 administrative unit (okres).
KOD_KRAJ Code of the region (kraj).
KOD_CZNUTS3 Code of the NUTS3 unit (kraj)
NAZ_CZNUTS3 Name of the NUTS3 unit (kraj)

Details

Due to package size constraints the data are stored externally (and a working internet connection is required to use the package). Downloaded size is 270 KB.

Source

<https://vdp.cuzk.cz/>

obce_polygony

Municipalities / communes (obec) as polygons

Description

Function returning data frame of LAU2 administrative units for the Czech Republic as sf polygons. It takes no parameters.

Usage

```
obce_polygony()
```

Format

sf data frame with 6.258 rows of 14 variables + geometry

KOD_OBEC Code of the level I commune (obec).
NAZ_OBEC Name of the level I commune (obec).
KOD_ZUJ Code of the basic administrative unit (ICZUJ).
NAZ_ZUJ Name of the basic administrative unit (ICZUJ).
KOD_POU Code of the level II commune (obec s poverenym uradem).
NAZ_POU Name of the level II commune (obec s poverenym uradem)).
KOD_ORP Code of the level III commune (obec s rozsirenou pusobnosti).

NAZ_ORP Name of the level III commune (obec s rozsirenou pusobnosti).

KOD_OKRES Code of the district (okres).

KOD_LAU1 Code of the LAU1 administrative unit (okres).

NAZ_LAU1 Name of the LAU1 administrative unit (okres).

KOD_KRAJ Code of the region (kraj).

KOD_CZNUTS3 Code of the NUTS3 unit (kraj)

NAZ_CZNUTS3 Name of the NUTS3 unit (kraj)

Details

Due to package size constraints the data are stored externally (and a working internet connection is required to use the package). Downloaded size is 13.3 MB (so use with caution, and patience).

Source

<https://vdp.cuzk.cz/>

Examples

```
library(sf)
library(dplyr)

praha <- obce_polygon() %>%
  filter(NAZ_LAU1 == "Praha")

plot(praha, max.plot = 1)
```

okresy

Districts (okresy)

Description

Function returning data frame of LAU1 administrative units for the Czech Republic as sf polygons. It takes a single parameter resolution - high res (default) or low res polygons.

Usage

```
okresy(resolution = "high")
```

Arguments

resolution Should the function return high or low resolution shapefile? Allowed values are "high" (default) and "low". This parameter affects only the geometry column, all other fields remain the same.

Format

sf data frame with 77 rows of 6 variables + geometry

KOD_OKRES Code of the district (okres).

KOD_LAU1 Code of the district as LAU1 unit (okres), primary key. Use this as key to add other data items.

NAZ_LAU1 Name of the district as LAU1 unit (okres).

KOD_KRAJ Code of the region.

KOD_CZNUTS3 Code of the region as NUTS3 (kraj).

NAZ_CZNUTS3 Name of the region (kraj).

Details

Due to package size constraints the data are stored externally (and a working internet connection is required to use the package). Downloaded size of high resolution shapefile is 1 MB (so use with caution, and patience).

Source

<https://vdp.cuzk.cz/>

Examples

```
library(sf)

hranice <- okresy()
plot(hranice, col = "white", max.plot = 1)

object.size(okresy("low"))
object.size(okresy("high"))
```

orp_polygony

Obce s rozšířenou působností

Description

Function returning data frame of municipalities with extended powers (obce s rozšířenou působností) as sf polygons. It takes no parameters.

Usage

```
orp_polygony()
```

Format

sf data frame with 206 rows of 10 variables + geometry

KOD_ORP Code of the level III commune (obec s rozsirenou pusobnosti).

NAZ_ZKR_ORP Short name of the level III commune (obec s rozsirenou pusobnosti).

NAZ_ORP Full name of the level III commune (obec s rozsirenou pusobnosti).

KOD_RUIAN RUIAN (Registr uzemni identifikace, adres a nemovitosti) code.

KOD_OKRES Code of the district (okres).

KOD_LAU1 Code of the LAU1 administrative unit (okres).

NAZ_LAU1 Name of the LAU1 administrative unit (okres).

KOD_KRAJ Code of the region (kraj).

KOD_KRAJ Code of the region (kraj).

KOD_CZNUTS2 Code of the NUTS3 unit (kraj)

NAZ_CZNUTS2 Name of the NUTS3 unit (kraj)

Details

Due to package size constraints the data are stored externally (and a working internet connection is required to use the package). Downloaded size is 1.2 MB (so use with caution, and patience).

Source

<https://vdp.cuzk.cz/>

plochy

Water Bodies

Description

Function returning data frame of water bodies of the Czech Republic as sf polygons. It takes no parameters.

Usage

plochy()

Format

sf data frame with 480 rows of 5 variables + geometry

TYP Type of water body: 1 = dam, 2 = pond, 3 = lake

NAZEV Name, with Czech accents

NAZEV_ASCII Name, without Czech accents

VYSKA water level, meters above sea level

Major Boolean indicating major water bodies

Details

Due to package size constraints the data are stored externally (and a working internet connection is required to use the package). Downloaded size is 118.6 KB.

Source

<https://www.arcdata.cz/produkty/geograficka-data/arccr-500>

reky

Rivers

Description

Function returning data frame of rivers of the Czech Republic as sf lines. It takes a single parameter scope with default "global".

Usage

```
reky(scope = "global")
```

Arguments

scope	Should the function return all rivers, or just Vltava in Prague / Svitava & Svatka in Brno?
-------	---

Format

sf data frame with 6.198 rows of 4 variables + geometry:

TYP Type of river: 1 = natural, 2 = man-made, 3 = fictional

NAZEV Name, with Czech accents

NAZEV_ASCII Name, without Czech accents

Major Boolean indicating one of the major rivers.

Details

Two special case scopes are defined: Praha (returning the part of Vltava in and around Prague) and Brno (returning Svitava and Svatka near and around Brno).

Due to package size constraints the data are stored externally (and a working internet connection is required to use the package). Downloaded size is 1 MB.

Source

<https://www.arcdata.cz/produkty/geograficka-data/arccr-500>

Examples

```
library(sf)

plot(st_geometry(subset(okresy(), KOD_LAU1 == "CZ0642"))) # Brno city
plot(reky("Brno"), add = TRUE) # Svitava & Svatka added to Brno my city plot
```

republika

Republika

Description

Boundaries of the Czech Republic as sf polygon.

Usage

```
republika(resolution = "high")
```

Arguments

resolution	Should the function return high or low resolution shapefile? Allowed values are "high" (default) and "low". This parameter affects only the geometry column, all other fields remain the same.
------------	--

Format

sf data frame with 1 row of 1 variable + geometry:

Details

Due to package size constraints the data are stored externally (and a working internet connection is required to use the package). Downloaded size of high resolution shapefile is <1 MB.

Source

<https://vdp.cuzk.cz/>

Examples

```
library(sf)

hranice <- republika()
plot(hranice, col = "white")
```

revgeo

Reversely Geocode a Czech Address

Description

This function connects to Czech State Administration of Land Surveying and Cadastre (<https://www.cuzk.cz/en>) API to reversely geocode an address. As consequence it is implemented only for Czech addresses.

Usage

```
revgeo(coords)
```

Arguments

`coords` coordinates to be reverse geocoded; expected as `sf` data frame of spatial points

Details

Input of the function is a `sf` data frame of spatial points, and output a vector of characters.

The function returns the same `sf` data frame as input, with added field `revgeocoded`; it contains the result of operation. If the data frame contained a column named `revgeocoded` it gets overwritten.

In case of reverse geocoding failures (e.g. coordinates outside of the Czech Republic and therefore scope of ČÚZK) `NA` is returned.

Usage of the ČÚZK API is governed by ČÚZK Terms & Conditions - <https://geoportal.cuzk.cz/Dokumenty/Podminky.pdf>.

Examples

```
library(dplyr)
library(sf)

brno <- obce_polygon() %>% # shapefile of Brno
  filter(NAZ_OBEC == "Brno") %>%
  st_transform(5514) # planar CRS (eastings & northings)

pupek_brna <- st_centroid(brno) # calculate centroid

adresa_pupku <- revgeo(pupek_brna)$revgeocoded # address of the center
```

`silnice`*Road Network*

Description

Function returning data frame of roads of the Czech Republic as sf lines. It has no obligatory parameters.

Usage

```
silnice()
```

Format

sf data frame with 18.979 rows of 4 variables + geometry:

TRIDA Class of the road: highway = *dálnice*, speedway = *rychlostní silnice*, 1st class road = *silnice I. třídy*, 2nd class road = *silnice II. třídy*, 3rd class road = *silnice III. třídy*, other road = *nevidovaná silnice*

CISLO_SILNICE Local road code

MEZINARODNI_OZNACENI International road code

Details

Due to package size constraints the data are stored externally (and a working internet connection is required to use the package). Downloaded size is 1.5 MB.

Source

<https://www.arcdata.cz/produkty/geograficka-data/arccr-500>

`union_sf`*Aggregate Polygons in a sf Object*

Description

The function aggregates polygons of geometry column of a sf data frame according to values of a single data column. It has outcome comparable to `unionSpatialPolygons` from `maptools` package, except that it works on sf and not sp objects.

Usage

```
union_sf(data, key, tolerance = 1, planar_CRS = 5514)
```


Arguments

data	sf data frame to be aggregated
key	name of a single column to define the output objects
tolerance	buffer size for avoiding artefacts (slivers); default is one meter
planar_CRS	planar CRS for avoiding artefacts (slivers); default is EPSG:5514 = ing. Křovák

Details

The function has data frame as the first argument, so it is pipe friendly. It retains only geometry and key value, dropping all other columns (they are easy to re-attach using tidyverse/dplyr workflow if required).

During processing the sf data frame is temporarily transformed to planar coordinates and - to avoid artefacts (slivers) at the place of former boundaries - buffered; the default values of planarCRS and tolerance should cover most situations in the Czech Republic and near abroad.

Examples

```
# library(sf)

NUTS3 <- union_sf(okresy(), "KOD_CZNUTS3")
# assembles NUTS3 regions from LAU1 regions of Czech Republic = equivalent to kraje() in geometry

plot(NUTS3)
```

vyskopis

Vyskopis

Description

Terrain of the Czech Republic as a raster package object.

Usage

```
vyskopis(format = "rayshaded")
```

Arguments

format	Should the function return actual relief (meters above sea level) or shaded relief (rayshaded). Allowed values are "actual" and "rayshaded".
--------	--

Format

raster package RasterLayer.

Details

The function returns a raster file of either actual relief (values are meters above sea level) or rayshaded relief (created via highly recommended rayshader package).

The raster is 5084 by 3403 cells, meaning each pixel is about 90×90 meters. It works the best at level of country or regions, at the level of a city or lower it may be somewhat grainy.

Due to package size constraints both versions are stored externally (and a working internet connection is required to use the package). Downloaded size of the rayshaded raster is 8.4 MB, actual raster is 31.4 MB.

Source

<https://www.arcdata.cz/produkty/geograficka-data/arccr-500>

Examples

```
library(raster)

relief <- vyskopis("rayshaded")

plot(relief, col = gray.colors(16))
```

zeleznice

Railroad Network

Description

Function returning data frame of railroads of the Czech Republic as *sf* lines. It has no obligatory parameters.

Usage

```
zeleznice()
```

Format

sf data frame with 3.525 rows of 4 variables + geometry:

ELEKTRIFIKACE is the railroad electrified?: yes = ano, no = ne

KATEGORIE category: international = mezinárodní, local = vnitrostátní

KOLEJNOST track: single = jednokolejní, double = dvojkolejní, more = tři a více kolejní

ROZCHODNOST gauge: standard = normální, narrow = úzkokolejka

Details

Due to package size constraints the data are stored externally (and a working internet connection is required to use the package). Downloaded size is 285 KB.

Source

<https://www.arcdata.cz/produkty/geograficka-data/arccr-500>

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