

Package ‘GEEmediate’

July 18, 2019

Title Mediation Analysis for Generalized Linear Models Using the Difference Method

Description Causal mediation analysis for a single exposure/treatment and a single mediator, both allowed to be either continuous or binary. The package implements the difference method and provide point and interval estimates as well as testing for the natural direct and indirect effects and the mediation proportion. Nevo, Xiao and Spiegelman (2019) <doi:10.1515/ijb-2017-0006>.

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Depends R (>= 3.3.0)

Imports gee

License GPL (>= 3)

NeedsCompilation no

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 6.1.0

BugReports <https://github.com/daniel258/GEEmediate/issues>

Encoding UTF-8

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GEEmediate

*Mediation Analysis for Generalized Linear Models Using the Difference Method***Description**

Estimation of natural direct and indirect effects for generalized linear models. The function utilizes a data-duplication algorithm to fit marginal and conditional GLMs in a way that allow for consistent variance estimation. The function produces point estimates, confidence intervals and p-values for the natural indirect effect and the mediation proportion

Usage

```
GEEmediate(formula, exposure, mediator, df, family = gaussian,
  corstr = "independence", conf.level = 0.95, surv = F,
  pres = "sep", niealternative = "two-sided", ...)
```

Arguments

formula	A formula expression as for other regression models, of the form response ~ predictors. See the documentation of <code>lm</code> and <code>formula</code> for details. predictors should include exposure/treatment and mediator.
exposure	The exposure (string).
mediator	The mediator (string).
df	A name of a data frame where all variables mentioned in formula are stored.
family	A family object to be used in <code>gee</code> : a list of functions and expressions for defining link and variance functions see the <code>gee</code> documentation. Default is <code>gaussian</code> . See also <code>gee</code> and <code>glm</code> .
corstr	A working correlation structure. See <code>gee</code> and <code>glm</code> .
conf.level	Confidence level for all confidence intervals (default 0.95)
surv	Is the outcome survival (not supported)
pres	Presentation of the coefficient tables. "tog" for a single table, "sep" for two separated tables.
niealternative	Alternative hypothesis for testing that the $\text{nie}=0$. Either "two-sided" (default) or "one-sided" for alternative $\text{nie}>0$.
...	Further arguments for the <code>gee</code> call.

Value

The output contains the following components:

call	The call.
GEE.fit	Results of fitting the GEE for the duplicated data.

nie	The natural indirect effect estimate. NIE and NDE are reported on the coefficient scale
nie.pval	P-value for testing mediation using the NIE.
nde	The natural direct effect estimate.
nie.ci	Confidence interval in for the NIE in confidence level conf.level.
pm	The mediation proportion estimate.
pm.pval	P-value for testing one-sided mediation using the mediation proportion.
pm.ci	Confidence interval for the mediation proportion in confidence level conf.level.

References

Nevo, Liao and Spiegelman, *Estimation and inference for the mediation proportion* (2017+)

Examples

```
## Not run:
SimNormalData <- function(n,beta1.star = 1, p = 0.3, rho =0.4, inter = 0)
{
  beta2 <- (p/rho)*beta1.star
  beta1 <- (1-p)*beta1.star
  XM <- MASS::mvrnorm(n, mu = c(0,0), Sigma = matrix(c(1,rho,rho,1),2,2))
  X <- XM[,1]
  M <- XM[,2]
  beta <- c(inter, beta1, beta2)
  print(beta)
  Y <- cbind(rep(1,n),XM)%*%beta+rnorm(n,0,sd = 1)
  return(data.frame(X = X, M = M, Y = Y))
}
set.seed(314)
df <- SimNormalData(500)
GEEmediate(Y ~ X + M, exposure = "X", mediator = "M", df = df)

## End(Not run)
```